## Beeome a

## Pest Detective



#### Step 1: Explore your backyard:

Explore your garden and work out some different spots to put your tracking tunnel



## Step 2: Build your tracking tuppel

It can be as easy or fancy as you like! Check out the information on the following pages!

An Easter
School
holidays
project



#### Step 3: Install your tunnel

Set up your tunnel with bait, red food colouring on a lid and white paper/corflute



# Step 5: show us your results

Post your results on facebook and tag us #ETECbiodiversity or bring them in to us and we will hang them in our window ©

#### Step 4: Check your tunnel

Look at the results overnight or over a few different nights and try work out who is visiting your garden! You might be surprised!





House mouse paw prints





#### Become a Pest Detective

Use your detective skills to track down pests like rats, stoats and mice. Some of these pests chew seedlings, nibble seeds and destroy insects, and others eat lizards and birds and their eggs.

#### About tracking tunnels

- A tracking tunnel is easy to make and records what is living in your backyard.
- In the bush, our field team use tracking tunnels to record where small animals pass through.
- Pests like tunnels so they scamper in to get the bait and then leave their footprints on the paper as they pass through.
- The footprints show what animals are there and where the animals will feed.
- The tunnels are used by invertebrates also! They can be baited with jam to see which insects are around too.

#### Explore your backyard

Explore your garden work out some different spots to put your tracking tunnel. Think about what might be there and what sort of places they might live, use for food or walk around in. Look for different types of places in your garden that you could use.

## Build and use your tracking tunnel

Now you've found some spots, build a tracking tunnel. It can be as easy or as fancy as you like. Use your imagination to build something spectacular!

Put your tracking tunnel out in the garden overnight. Maybe even try a few different spots on different nights, or try using different food to see what is popular. Experiment by putting a few tunnels around your backyard. You can disguise your tunnel in the roots of a tree or even cover it with sticks. Be as sneaky as a stoat!

Look at your results and try to work out who is visiting your garden. Is it who you thought you would find?

# Collect the items you?

- 2 large plastic milk bottles
- A craft knife or scissors
- A piece of wood
- Polythene wrap
- Red food colouring
- A sponge
- A small plastic tray
- Peanut butter or raw meat
- Sheets of white paper or corflute
- A piece of wire

### Make your tunnel

- Cut off both ends of the large milk bottles.
- Slide one bottle into the other.
- Slide in a piece of wood for a base.
- Darken the tunnel by wrapping it in polythene.
- Soak a sponge in red food colouring and place it on the plastic tray.
- Put some bait on a leaf and place it in the middle of the sponge. Use peanut butter for rats and mice and raw meat for mustelids like stoats.
- Place the tray in the middle of the tunnel and put sheets of paper at both ends.

### Use your tunnel

- Find a good place in your backyard to put your tunnel. To hold your tunnel in place make the piece of wire into a U shape and place it over your tunnel and into the ground.
- Check your papers each morning. You may have to add new bait and food colouring. After 4 5 days you should have a good idea of what small animals are around.

# Resources and acknowledgement

Who's footprints are they? <a href="http://www.pestdetective.org.nz/clues/">http://www.pestdetective.org.nz/clues/</a>

\*\*Big thank you to Department of Conservation for their information on building tracking tunnels!\*\*